CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY

CHEROKEE COUNTY, GEORGIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED

AUGUST 31, 2009 AND 2008

TOGETHER WITH AUDITORS' REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority Canton, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority (the Authority) as of and for the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority as of August 31, 2009 and 2008, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the Authority adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, effective September 1, 2008.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated <u>November 23</u>, 2009 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The management's discussion and analysis information on pages 3 through 6 and defined benefit and other postemployment benefit plan information on page 33 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis information, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it. The postemployment benefit plan information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents on pages 34 through 45 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information, except for that portion marked "unaudited" on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The statistical table on page 45 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Donne Weine E Associates, PC

DONNER WEISER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

November 23, 2009

Cherokee County Water & Sewerage Authority

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

August 31, 2009

Our discussion and analysis of Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority's financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements that begin on page 7.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Balance Sheets and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets (on pages 7 - 9) provide information about the activities of the Authority and present a long-term view of the Authority's finances.

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is "Is the Authority as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Balance Sheets and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets report information about the Authority and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These two statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the basis that is used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Authority's net assets and the changes in them. You can think of the Authority's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the Authority's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the Authority.

THE AUTHORITY AS A WHOLE

The Authority's net assets increased in 2009 by \$13.2 million, from \$273.0 million to \$286.2 million and in 2008 by \$22.0 million, from \$251.0 million to \$273.0 million. \$11.0 million of the increase in 2009 was attributable to contributions by developers, primarily of water and sewer lines (which totaled \$19.3 million in 2008). Our analysis on the following pages focuses on the Authority's net assets (Table 1) and changes in its net assets (Table 2).

Cherokee County Water & Semerage Authority

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

August 31, 2009

Table 1 - Net Assets at Year End (in Millions)

	2009	2008	2007
Current and other assets	\$ 49.8	\$ 48.8	\$ 68.5
Capital assets	431.1	426.0	392.5
Total Assets	479.9	474.8	461.0
Long term debt outstanding	(187.6)	(192.3)	(196.3)
Other liabilities	(7.1)	(9.5)	(_13.7)
Total Liabilities	(194.7)	(<u>201.8</u>)	(_210.0)
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of d	ebt 239.4	230.4	206.9
Restricted	2.9	2.9	2.4
Unrestricted	43.9	<u>39.7</u>	41.7
Total Net Assets	<u>\$286.2</u>	<u>\$273.0</u>	<u>\$251.0</u>
Table	2 - Changes in N	Net Assets (in Millions)	
Revenues	2009	2008	2007
Operating revenues:			
Water sales	\$ 23.7	\$ 21.5	\$ 24.2
Wastewater treatment sales	13.6	12.5	13.0
Connection fees	2.7	5.4	9.4
Other	2.3	2.3	2.3
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest	.5	1.6	2.1
Other	1	.3	.2
Total revenues	42.9	<u>43.6</u>	51.2
Expenses			
Operating expenses:			
Water	3.0	3.1	3.1
Wastewater	7.7	. 7.1	6.6
Distribution and administration	10.0	10.2	9.0
Depreciation	8.8	9.7	9.0
Other	.9	.9	.8
Non-operating expenses:			
Interest	10.0	9.6	9.1
Other	2	<u>4</u>	3
Total expenses	40.6	41.0	<u>37.9</u>
Contributed Capital	11.0	<u>19.3</u>	<u>19.5</u>
Increase In Net Assets	\$ 13.2	\$ 21.9	\$ 32.8

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Cherokee County Water & Sewerage Authority

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

August 31, 2009

The Authority's revenues (see Table 2) decreased in 2009 by 1.6% (\$42.9 million in 2009 compared to \$43.6 million in 2008) and in 2008 decreased by 14.8% (\$43.6 million in 2008 compared to \$51.2 million in 2007). Expenses decreased by 1.0% and increased by 8.2%, respectively. The factors driving these results include:

- The number of water customers in 2009 and 2008 grew by 0.7% and 1.7% and wastewater customers grew by 1.0% and 2.7% respectively, reflective of the slow population growth that is occurring throughout Cherokee County. In May 2009 the Authority increased the base water rate by \$1. The prior increase of 9.0%-13% occurred in August 2008. There were no increases in sewer rates since August 2008. In 2008, water and sewer meter charges increased by 30.8% and 21.6% respectively and there have been no changes since that time.
- The Authority's revenues decreased compared with the prior year by 1.6% and 14.8% in 2009 and 2008 respectively. The annual decrease in expenses in 2009 was 1.0% as compared with growth of 8.2% in 2008. As a result, net assets prior to the value of contributed lines have continued to grow in decreasing amounts, by \$2.3 million in 2009 and \$2.6 million in 2008.

Management of the Authority attributes the decrease in the growth of net assets, in part, to: (1) the 2009 decrease of \$8.3 million in the value of contributions from developers; (2) continued effects of drought conditions in Georgia resulting in mandated and voluntary conservation efforts by the Authority's customers and (3) the continued decrease in revenues from connection fees that began in fiscal year 2007. The decrease in connection fee revenue relates primarily to the decline in new residential construction in Cherokee County, which is reflective of recent national and regional real estate market trends.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At August 31, 2009 and 2008, the Authority had \$431.1 and \$426.0 million, respectively, invested in a range of capital assets including equipment, buildings, land and water and sewer lines (see Table 3). This represents a net increase after additions and disposals of \$5.1 million (1.2%) in 2009 and \$33.5 million (8.5%) in 2008.

Table 3 - Capital Assets at Year End (Net of Depreciation, in Millions)

	2009	2008	2007
Land	\$ 3.6	\$ 3.6	\$ 3.6
Structures, line extensions and improvement			
Completed	416.7	349.3	. 293.4
Construction-in-progress	9.4	71.2	93.8
Machinery, equipment and furniture	1.4	1.9	1.7
Totals	<u>\$431.1</u>	<u>\$426.0</u>	<u>\$392.5</u>

Cherokee County Water & Sewerage Authority

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

August 31, 2009

The staff of the Authority has developed a multi-year capital improvements program and a plan to finance the program which relies on a combination of System revenues and proceeds of debt and investment earnings on such proceeds. The capital improvements program allows the staff of the Authority to plan, on a long-term basis, for future System capital needs. Each year the capital improvements program is updated.

The Authority's fiscal year 2010 capital improvement program calls for it to spend approximately \$29.6 million for capital projects, principally for upgrades and improvements to water and wastewater treatment facilities and for utility relocations within the water system. In connection with existing construction projects, the Authority has outstanding agreements with contractors for less than \$1.0 million of future work at August 31, 2009. Capital expenditures will be financed by a combination of resources on hand, future system revenues and the proceeds from future revenue bonds, some of which may be issued during fiscal year ending August 31, 2010. More detailed information about the Authority's capital assets is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At year-end 2009 and 2008, the Authority had (net of discounts and premiums) \$187.6 million and \$192.3 million in revenue bonds outstanding, respectively. The decreases of \$4.7 million and \$4.0 million in 2009 and 2008 respectively are due to the scheduled repayment in both years of the Authority's previously issued debt. Additional information is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

In June 2007 the Authority's Series 2007 Revenue Bonds were assigned ratings by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard and Poor's Rating Services of Aaa and AAA respectively based on the bond insurer's issuance of a policy insuring the payment of principal and interest when due. Thus, the Authority's bonds continue to carry the highest rating possible from these national rating agencies.

The Authority's other significant obligations include customer deposits, accounts payable and accrued interest, salaries and other expenses as can be seen on the Balance Sheet on page 8.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the office of the Authority's Director of Finance and Administration at 391 W. Main Street, Canton, Georgia 30114.

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	AUGUST 31,		
	2009	2008	
CURRENT ASSETS		10	
Cash	\$ 5,620,983	\$ 3,872,812	
Investments	31,897,704	31,561,597	
Accounts receivable	5,320,391	5,783,680	
Accrued interest receivable	5,401	5,786	
Prepaid expenses	388,186	605,769	
Inventories	208,805	189,791	
Restricted cash and investments: Revenue bond construction			
Cash	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	87,538	
Investments	2	673,958	
Revenue bond sinking fund		0,3,330	
investments	1,251,793	1,301,798	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	44,693,263	44,082,729	
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Restricted cash and investments:			
Revenue bond debt service			
reserve investments	2,417,157	2,414,034	
Deferred charges:			
Unamortized bond issue costs	2,155,522	2,263,190	
Unamortized street light costs	8,879	8,879	
Unamortized watershed study	607,704	_ = = =	
Total deferred charges	2,772,105	2,272,069	
Capital assets:			
Land	3,556,929	3,556,929	
Construction-in-progress Structures, line extensions	9,360,621	71,206,013	
and improvements	503,545,219	428,179,127	
Machinery and equipment	6,332,253	6,214,088	
Office furniture and equipment	544,709	532,916	
oraro ramiroaro ana oquipmono	523,339,731		
Taga againmilated damicariation		509,689,073	
Less: accumulated depreciation	92,265,189	83,653,117	
Net capital assets	431,074,542	426,035,956	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 480,957,067	\$ 474,804,788	

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	AUGUST 31,		
	2009	2008	
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade accounts payable Construction accounts and	\$ 1,247,233	\$ 867,491	
retainage payable	327,740	562,172	
Accrued salaries and vacations	479,376	495,374	
Unearned water and sewer		130,371	
treatment revenue	_	608,726	
Unearned sewer connection fees	285,033	285,033	
Customer deposits	3,623,485	3,452,225	
Payable from restricted assets:		No. of the same	
Construction accounts payable	- <u>-</u> .	760,855	
Current portion of long-term debt	4,883,151	4,688,151	
Revenue bond interest payable	764,441	780,651	
Retainage payable		1,293,508	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	11,610,459	13,794,186	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred interest income	412,170	438,105	
Revenue bonds payable, less		,	
current portion	182,691,560	187,574,711	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	194,714,189	201,807,002	
NUM AGGUMG			
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	220 421 005	000 405 515	
Restricted for debt service	239,421,805	230,425,517	
Restricted for bond retirement	487,352 2,417,157	521,147	
Unrestricted	43,916,564	2,414,034	
om obcitocoa	43,910,364	39,637,088	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	286,242,878	272,997,786	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 480,957,067	\$ 474,804,788	

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31,			
		2009		2008	
OPERATING REVENUES	-				
Metered water sales	\$	23,671,252	\$	21,545,310	
Wastewater treatment sales		13,559,105		12,474,370	
Street light fees		1,244,934		1,241,086	
Water connection fees		981,908		1,690,188	
Sewer tap fees		1,710,209		3,731,284	
Transfer fees		165,075		168,775	
Forfeited discounts and penalties Customer repairs and service		629,888		635,777	
charges		267,024		251,234	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	W	42,229,395		41,738,024	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Water purchases and production		3,029,734		3,118,064	
Wastewater treatment		7,697,153		7,139,435	
Street lights		876,136		852,990	
Distribution and administration		9,999,424		10,226,174	
Depreciation		8,754,563		9,693,294	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		30,357,010		31,029,958	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	· · <u>/ / 6</u>	11,872,385		10,708,066	
OTHER REVENUES					
Interest					
Sinking funds		127,020		186,478	
Construction funds		695		351,069	
Revenue funds		357,143		1,103,186	
Gain on equipment disposal		306		61,575	
Miscellaneous		150,611		186,039	
TOTAL OTHER REVENUES		635,775		1,888,347	
OTHER EXPENSES					
Interest		10,013,440		9,629,428	
Paying agent and broker dealer fees		17,356		103,253	
Amortization of bond issue costs		107,668		122,320	
Loss on abandoned lines		102,808		135,365	
Arbitrage rebate		_		518	
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES		10,241,272		9,990,884	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		10,978,204		19,337,419	
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS		13,245,092		21,942,948	
NET ASSETS, beginning of period	y <u></u>	272,997,786		251,054,838	
NET ASSETS, end of period	\$	286,242,878	\$	272,997,786	

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Increase (Decrease) In Cash

	FOR THE Y	
	2009	2008
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING	\$ 42,400,264 (13,265,128) (7,775,006)	\$ 42,155,786 (13,821,578) (7,585,688)
ACTIVITIES	21,360,130	20,748,520
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of investments Proceeds from investment maturities Interest received NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES	(15,039,907) 15,424,640 459,309	(25,484,043) 34,790,940 1,682,124
	044,042	10,989,021
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net proceeds from issuance and remarketing of revenue bonds Payment of revenue bond issue and	÷ .	268,023
remarketing costs Revenue bond principal payments Interest paid on bonds Watershed study deferred charges	(5,350,000) (9,367,802) (607,704)	(456,156) (4,230,000) (8,808,085)
Capital expenses Paying agent and broker fees Arbitage rebate	(5,257,528) (17,356)	(29,211,379) (103,253) (518)
Proceeds from disposal of land, equipment and scrap Contributions for capital	5,871	61,575
expenses NET CASH USED IN	50,980	1,200,549
CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(20,543,539)	(41,279,244)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	1,660,633	(9,541,703)
CASH, Beginning of Period	3,960,350	13,502,053
CASH, End of Period	\$ 5,620,983	\$ 3,960,350
Classified As: Current assets Restricted assets - Construction	\$ 5,620,983	\$ 3,872,812
Construction		87,538
See Notes to Financi	\$ 5,620,983	\$ 3,960,350

See Notes to Financial Statements.

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

Increase (Decrease) In Cash

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31,			
		2009		2008
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income from operations	\$	11,872,385	\$	10,708,066
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		8,754,563		9,693,294
Other revenue (Increase) decrease in:		145,046		186,039
Accounts receivable		463,289		503,453
Prepaid expenses		217,583		(28,654)
Inventories Increase (decrease) in:		(19,014)		2,130
Trade accounts payable		379,742		(87,698)
Accrued salaries and vacation		(15,998)		43,620
Unearned treatment revenue		(608,726)		(368,180)
Customer deposits		171,260		96,450
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES	\$	21,360,130	\$	20,748,520
NON-CASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Remarketing of Series 2006 and Series 2007 revenue bonds	\$	_	\$	50,000,000
			-	
NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets	3			
contributed by developers	_\$_	10,927,224	\$	18,136,870

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

History and Reporting Entity The Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority (the Authority) is a public corporation and body corporate and politic, an independent governmental unit created and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia. The Authority was created by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia that became effective on March 7, 1955. The Authority Act declared that the general purpose of the Authority is to acquire adequate sources of water supply, treat such water and distribute it to the water system throughout Cherokee and adjoining counties. The Authority Act states that this general purpose will not restrict the Authority from selling and delivering water directly to consumers in those areas where there do not exist water distribution systems and where no other any county on municipality deems it desirable or feasible to furnish water. The Authority Act also provides that the general purpose of the Authority includes sewerage projects.

The Authority Board is composed of seven members. Six members are appointed by the Cherokee County Grand Jury for staggered terms of four years and the seventh member is the current chair of the Cherokee County Commission. The Authority is fiscally independent. No other government is financially accountable for the Authority and its operations are self-sustaining. It has no taxing power; it does, however, have the authority to establish the rates it charges customers. Thus, the Authority is considered a reporting entity in conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) definition.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting
The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to
governmental entities is determined by measurement focus. The
Authority's operations are accounted for entirely as a proprietary
governmental fund type with an economic resources measurement
focus. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into
net capital asset, restricted and unrestricted components. The
financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally
accepted accounting principles on the accrual basis of accounting
whereby revenue is recognized when earned, expenses are recorded
when incurred and all long-term assets, receivables, debt and
other obligations are recognized.

Income from operations reported in the Authority's financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to its primary continuing operations. Principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods and services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)
The Authority's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The Authority first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

In preparing the financial statements, the Authority applies all relevant pronouncements of the GASB and all Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statements and Interpretations that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, as of September 1, 2008 which addresses how state and local governments should account for and report their costs and obligations related to postemployment healthcare and other nonpension benefits that are commonly referred to as other postemployment benefits, or OPEB.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounts Receivable and Revenue Recognition

The Authority bills its customers on a cyclical basis throughout the month based on meter readings taken during the previous month.

The Authority records receivables at the amount it expects to collect on balances due at the end of the year. Advance deposits are obtained from customers, but the Authority does not obtain collateral or other security for all of its trade accounts or other amounts receivable. Accordingly, it is exposed to credit losses in the event of nonperformance. Management closely monitors outstanding balances and writes off uncollectible amounts as of year-end in accordance with approved policies.

Billed accounts receivable represent charges for customer water and wastewater treatment usage billed to customers and not paid at August 31. Unbilled accounts receivable represent charges billed to customers after August 31 for services provided by the Authority prior to September 1.

Metered water and wastewater treatment sales are based on rates established by the Authority Board.

Water connection and sewer tap fees are recorded as revenue.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

Unearned revenue represents charges for customer water and wastewater treatment usage recorded at August 31 for services provided by the Authority subsequent to that date.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost (specific identification).

Compensated Absences

Full-time employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts depending on tenure with the Authority. Unused leave is lost if not taken each year. Sick leave accrues to full-time employees to a specified maximum but does not vest and is paid only for an absence for medical-related causes. Since such future absences cannot be reasonably predicted, no liability for unused sick pay is recorded.

Investments

Investments are stated at amortized cost and consist of U.S. Government and agency obligations, a repurchase agreement and money market funds including investment in a local government investment pool, interest rate management agreements and other investments as permitted by the laws of the state of Georgia. The Authority has adopted an interest rate management plan meeting the requirements of O.C.G.A. §36-82-250 and approved the parameters within which interest rate swap agreements may be executed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include infrastructure acquired since 1959 and are stated at cost except for contributed water and sewer lines which are recorded at their fair market value at the date they are accepted by the Authority. All acquisitions of property and equipment in excess of \$1,000 are capitalized and depreciated.

Depreciation of the water and sewer systems, machinery, equipment and furnishings is computed on the straight-line method over the following economic lives:

Asset Category

Estimated Useful Lives

Structures, line extensions and improvements
Machinery and equipment

50 Years

5 Years

Office furniture and equipment

5 Years

During the year ended August 31, 2009 management revised its estimate of the useful life of all structures, line extensions and improvements from 40 years to 50 years (see Note 16).

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

Expenditures for maintenance and repairs not considered to substantially lengthen the property lives are charged to expense as incurred.

The cost of incomplete construction and system improvement projects is reported as construction-in-progress and is not depreciated.

Amortization

Amortization of bond costs and bond premiums and discounts is computed using the straight-line method over the life of the applicable bond issue.

Capitalized Interest

Interest costs on the revenue bond debt, net of interest earned, is capitalized into the related cost of the system improvements if material to the Authority's financial statements.

Capitalization of Salaries

The Authority capitalizes salaries of employees in distribution and administration who perform construction activities. The amount capitalized is based upon the portion of the respective employees' work hours that is spent performing these functions.

Operating Budget

The Authority is not legally required to adopt a budget. The staff of the Authority, however, prepares an annual operating budget for management control purposes. The staff of the Authority uses the accrual basis of accounting in its annual operating budget, which is consistent with the basis of accounting used in the Authority's financial statements. The Authority's Board of Directors approves the budget and any changes made thereto.

The Authority's budget for the year ended August 31, 2009 is included in the supplementary information to the accompanying financial statements. This budget is based upon certain assumptions and estimates of the staff of the Authority regarding future events, transactions and circumstances. Realization of the results projected in this budget will depend upon implementation by management of the Authority of policies and procedures consistent with the assumptions. There can be no assurance that actual events will correspond with such assumptions, that uncontrollable factors will not affect such assumptions or that the projected results will be achieved. Accordingly the actual results achieved could materially vary from those projected in the budget.

2. Operations:

The Authority produced approximately 99.7% and 97.7% of its water needs during the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008, purchasing most of the remaining water needed from the City of Canton and the Cobb County-Marietta Water Authority. The Authority also purchased 9% of the sewage treatment needed during the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008, also primarily from the City of Canton and from Cobb County, Georgia.

3. Cash and Investments:

Cash

All of the Authority's cash as of August 31, 2009 is held in banks located in the State of Georgia. These demand deposits are required by the Authority's revenue bond resolutions (see Note 9) to be federally insured or collateralized by the institution. The collateral must meet certain requirements and be held by a third party for the benefit of the Authority. As of August 31, 2009, cash held in banks totaled \$5,938,639 and was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Authority's agent and pledged to or in the name of the Authority. The value of cash in the accompanying financial statements, considering items in transit, totaled \$5,620,983.

Investments

The Authority's investments are all held for non-trading purposes. Permitted investments and the Authority's policies are described in Note 9. All investment securities are either an external local government investment pool, or are insured, registered or held by the Authority or its agent in the Authority's name.

Consistent with the Authority's policy, investments in U.S. government obligations either carry the explicit guarantee of the U.S. government or are rated in the highest category by Moody's Investor Service and by Standard & Poor's Ratings Group. Investments in money market funds are also rated in the highest category by these services.

The local government investment pool "Georgia Fund 1", created by OCGA 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool which is rated by Standard and Poor's as AAAm. Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7-like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Financial oversight of the pool is provided by The (Georgia) Office of Treasury and Fiscal Services. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1/share value). The weighted average maturity of its holdings is 19 days and net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

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3. Cash and Investments (continued):

Investments (continued)

The fair values of investments are found in Note 15. The carrying amounts as of August 31, 2009 are as follows:

	Money	Market	
Repurchase	Georgia		
Agreement	Fund 1	Other	Total
		1	
\$1,295,442	\$31,897,704	\$2,373,508	\$35,566,654

The Authority places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

At August 31, 2009, the repurchase agreement is secured by U.S. government obligations that are classified as held-to-maturity. U.S. government obligations are debt securities.

The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The scheduled maturity of \$1,295,442 of investment in a repurchase agreement, the only investment considered as a debt security classified as held-to-maturity at August 31, 2009, is greater than ten years.

4. Accounts Receivable:

Accounts receivable consist of the following at August 31:

	2009	2008
Billed	\$ 2,803,240	\$ 5,478,090
Unbilled	2,517,151	305,590
	\$ 5,320,391	\$ 5,783,680

5. Restricted Assets:

Certain assets are restricted for construction that is funded through revenue bonds and for revenue bond sinking funds used for payment of debt service on long-term debt.

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6. Capital Assets:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008 is as follows (in thousands):

August 31, 2009	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	\$ 3,557	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,557
Construction-in- progress	71,206 74,763	1,880	63,725 63,725	9,361 12,918
Other capital assets Structures and				
improvements Machinery and	428,179	75,607	241	503,545
equipment Office furniture	6,214 533 434,926	$ \begin{array}{r} 122\\ \phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	245	6,332 545 510,422
Less accumulated				
depreciation: Structures Machinery Office furniture	78,875 4,302 476 83,653	8,089 648 18 8,755	138 4 - 142	86,826 4,946 494 92,266
Capital Assets, Net	\$426,036	\$ 68,866	\$ 63,828	\$431,074
August 31, 2008	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land Construction-in-	\$ 3,557	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,557
progress	93,877 97,434	23,286	45,957 45,957	71,206
Other capital assets Structures and	:			
improvements Machinery and	363,467	65,100	388	428,179
equipment Office furniture	5,479 522 369,468	925 11 66,036	190 - 578	6,214 533 434,926
	_302/100		370	434,920

6. Capital Assets (continued):

depreciation:				
Structures	\$ 70,049	\$ 9,079	\$ 253	\$ 78,875
Machinery	3,867	597	162	4,302
Office furniture	459	17		476
	74,375	9,693	415	83,653
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$392,527</u>	\$ 79,629	\$ 46,120	\$426,036

7. Unearned Sewer Connection Fees:

The Authority has entered into agreements with several developers to provide for the construction of sewer lines. Under the terms of some of the agreements, the developers have advanced to the Authority the funds needed to complete the construction projects. In other cases, the developer has constructed the needed lines. The various agreements associated with these arrangements provide for repayment by the Authority of the amounts advanced or the developer's costs to construct the lines, through tap-ons by the developer and from the proceeds of sewer tap fees collected from tap-ons to these sewer lines by other customers.

There were no transactions associated with these agreements for the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008.

8. Deferred Interest Income:

The Authority has entered into forward supply contracts for the sale of securities to the bond paying agent. Under the terms of the contracts, the bond paying agent will purchase securities supplied by providers to be held in the sinking fund until the funds are needed to pay debt service on the revenue bonds. In exchange for this purchase agreement, the providers have paid the Authority a fee which represents the present value of all of the interest earnings in the sinking fund over the life of the outstanding revenue bonds. The Authority is amortizing this interest over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method of amortization.

Activity during the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008 was as follows:

Balance, beginning of year	2009 \$438,105	2008 \$464,039
Recognition of interest income	(25,935)	(_25,934)
Balance, end of year	\$412,170	\$438,105

9. Revenue Bonds Payable:

Revenue bonds payable consist of the following at August 31:

	2009	2008
Refunding Series 1991 revenue bonds dated June 1, 1991, bearing interest from 6.30% to 7.50%, first principal payment due August 1, 1991 and final maturity August 1, 2018	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Refunding and Improvement Series 1993 revenue bonds dated December 15, 1993, bearing interest of 5.30% and 5.50%, first principal payment due August 1, 2009 and final maturity of August 1, 2023	27,440,000	27,535,000
Series 1995 revenue bonds dated December 15, 1995, bearing interest of 5.20%, first principal payment due August 1, 1996 and final maturity of August 1, 2025	15,145,000	15,145,000
Series 1997 revenue bonds dated December 1, 1997, bearing interest from 3.75% to 5.25%, first principal payment due August 1, 1998 and final maturity of August 1, 2027	14,555,000	14,555,000
Series 1998 revenue bonds dated December 4, 1998, bearing interest from 3.40% to 4.875%, first principal payment due August 1, 2000 and final maturity of August 1, 2028	11,140,000	11,140,000
Series 2001 revenue bonds dated May 1, 2001, bearing interest from 3.25% to 5.125%, first principal payment due August 1, 2001 and final maturity of		
August 1, 2030	43,490,000	46,915,000

9. Revenue Bonds Payable (continued):

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008 is as follows (in thousands):

August 31, 2009	Beginning Balance	Add	itions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Revenue bonds Less: unamortized	\$196,675	\$	-	(\$ 5,350)	\$191,325
discount deferred amount	(1,693)	(-)	92	(1,601)
on refunding Plus unamortized	(3,476)	(-)	600	(2,876)
premium	757 \$192,263	\$	-	$(\frac{30}{54,688})$	727 \$187,575

9. Revenue Bonds Payable (continued):

August 31, 2008	_	Beginning Balance	Add	itions	Re	ductions		nding alance
Revenue bonds Less:	\$	200,905	\$	-	(\$	4,230)	\$	196,675
unamortized discount deferred amount	(1,972)	(-)		279	(1,693)
on refunding Plus unamortized	(3,208)	(851)		583	(3,476)
premium	\$	513 196,238	(<u>\$</u>	268 583)	((<u>इ</u>	24) 3,392)	\$	757 192,263

In June 1991, the Authority issued \$21,685,000 of Refunding Series 1991 revenue bonds to advance refund all of the Series 1987 and 1988 revenue bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$20,000,000. Pursuant to the issuance of the Refunding Series 1991 revenue bonds, all of the covenants, agreements and other obligations of the Authority under the Series 1987 and 1988 revenue bond resolutions are discharged and satisfied, and the outstanding bonds are deemed to be paid and no longer outstanding. The Refunding Series 1991 revenue bonds rank on a parity with prior bonds issued by the Authority as to a lien on the net revenues of the Authority securing the payment of principal and interest. A portion of this series was refunded by the Series 2001 revenue bonds (see below) in May, 2001 and was redeemed at 102% of face value in August, 2001.

In December 1993, the Authority issued \$28,460,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, with an average interest rate of 5.49%, to advance refund all of the Series 1991 revenue bonds in the principal amount of \$10,000,000, at an interest rate of 7.10%, and to provide funds to make certain additions and improvements to the water and sewerage systems. After deducting the discount and paying \$1,260,804 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs, the Authority received \$11,199,196 for the aforementioned system additions and improvements.

9. Revenue Bonds Payable (continued):

Also in December 1993, the Authority issued \$17,975,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, with an average interest rate of 6.46%, to advance refund all of the Series 1985-A revenue bonds in the principal amount of \$16,025,000, at an average interest rate of 8.98%, and to provide funds for the purpose of paying expenses associated with the advance refunding. The net proceeds of \$17,298,839 (after payment of \$676,161 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$817,271 of Series 1985-A sinking fund monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. In April 2001 all of the outstanding bonds from this series (\$11,925,000) were defeased with funds provided by the Authority's general operations.

In December 1995, the Authority issued \$22,460,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, with an interest rate of 5.20%, to provide funds to make certain additions and improvements to the water and sewerage systems. After deducting the discount, paying \$1,163,133 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs, and funding certain debt service requirements in the amount of \$1,295,442, the Authority received net proceeds of \$20,001,425. A portion of this series was refunded by the Series 2001 revenue bonds (see below).

In December 1997, the Authority issued \$16,095,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, with interest rates from 3.75% to 5.25%, to provide funds to make certain additions, extensions and improvements to the water and sewerage systems. After deducting the discount, paying \$990,097 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs, and funding certain debt service requirements in the amount of \$849,223, the Authority received net proceeds of \$14,255,680. A portion of this series was refunded by the series 2001 revenue bonds (see below).

In December 1998, the Authority issued \$21,345,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, with interest rates from 3.40% to 4.875%, to provide funds to make certain additions, extensions and improvements to the water and sewerage systems. After deducting the discount, paying \$744,201 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs, and funding certain debt service requirements in the amount of \$1,244,495, the net proceeds of \$19,356,304 were used to purchase certificates of deposit and U.S. government securities. A portion of this series was refunded by the series 2001 revenue bonds (see below).

9. Revenue Bonds Payable (continued):

In May 2001, the Authority issued \$70,505,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.25% to 5.125%, to advance refund portions of the Series 1991, 1995, 1997 and 1998 revenue bonds in the principal amount of \$38,765,000, to pay a surety bond premium to fund the bond Debt Service Reserve and to provide funds to make certain additions, extensions and improvements to the water and sewerage systems. After deducting the discount and paying \$939,962 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs, the Authority received \$35,244,620 for the aforementioned system additions and improvements.

In June 2003, the Authority issued \$34,830,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, with interest rates from 2.00% to 5.00%, to provide funds to make certain additions, extensions and improvements to the water and sewerage systems. After adding the premium, deducting the discount and paying \$534,691 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs, the net proceeds of \$34,356,829 were invested in a local government investment pool.

In May 2006, the Authority issued \$25,000,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds as auction rate securities. The bonds were issued to provide funds to make certain additions, extensions and improvements to the water and sewerage systems. After deducting the discount and paying \$348,266 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs, the net proceeds of \$24,534,984 were invested in a local government investment pool. These bonds were remarketed in April 2008 in order to convert their interest rates to long-term fixed rates that range from 3.00% to 5.00%.

In June 2007, the Authority issued \$25,000,000 in Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds as auction rate securities. The bonds were issued to provide funds to make certain additions, extensions and improvements to the water and sewerage systems. After deducting the discount and paying \$350,530 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs, the net proceeds of \$24,571,720 were invested in a local government investment pool. These bonds were remarketed in April 2008 in order to convert their interest rates to long-term fixed rates that range from 3.00% to 5.00%.

In April 2008 because of significant disruptions to the auction rate securities market, the Authority converted the interest rates on the Series 2006 and 2007 bonds from auction rates to long-term fixed rates. The Authority paid \$456,157 in remarketing fees and other costs in connection with the conversion and remarketing of the bonds. All were successfully remarketed in April 2008 resulting in a premium of \$268,023.

9. Revenue Bonds Payable (continued):

The U.S. government securities purchased in connection with the defeased and advance refunded bonds are deposited in irrevocable trusts with escrow agents to provide for all future debt service payments of the affected bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities for them have been removed from long-term debt.

The defeasance, advance refundings and remarketing of the bonds as described above resulted in differences between the reacquisition prices and the net carrying amounts of the old debt totaling \$7,878,666 including \$851,389 in 2008 related to the remarketing of the Series 2006 and 2007 revenue bonds. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from revenue bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2035 using the straight-line method of amortization. The amount remaining at August 31, 2009 is \$2,875,759.

The revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of the revenues derived by the Authority from the ownership and operation of the water and sewerage systems remaining after payment of the reasonable and necessary expenses of operating, maintaining and repairing the systems. Payment of the principal of and interest on the revenue bonds when due is guaranteed by municipal bond insurance policies issued by Municipal Bond Investors Assurance Corporation and Financial Security Assurance, Inc.

The Authority makes sinking fund deposits monthly for all issues. Annual totals are at least equal to the principal installments of and interest payable on the bonds in the current sinking fund year. The debt service requirements to be paid into the revenue bond sinking fund are as follows:

	Principal	Interest
Year ending August 31,		
2010	\$ 5,545,000	\$ 9,173,291
2011	5,750,000	8,965,496
2012	5,975,000	8,746,189
2013	6,205,000	8,511,439
2014	6,470,000	8,250,539
2015 - 2019	37,285,000	36,310,586
2020 - 2024	47,550,000	26,036,978
2025 - 2029	51,760,000	12,927,667
2030 - 2034	21,605,000	3,793,250
2035	3,180,000	159,000
	\$191,325,000	\$122,874,435

9. Revenue Bonds Payable (continued):

The various resolutions providing for the revenue bonds require that the Authority establish and maintain a schedule of rates, fees and charges for services furnished by the systems to produce in each sinking fund year "net system revenues" in an amount at least equal to 1.20 times the highest annual amount of principal and interest payable on the bonds during any future sinking fund year. For the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008, this revenue bond coverage was 1.44 and 1.49, respectively.

Effective with the issuance of the Series 2001 bonds, the Authority's annual net system revenues exclusive of water connection and sewer tap-on fees must be no less than this highest annual amount of debt service payable during any future sinking fund year. For the years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008, this ratio was 1.26 and 1.12, respectively.

The Authority is also required to maintain, using a combination of funds in the Debt Service Reserve Account and surety bonds, an amount equal to the highest annual debt service under the bonds of \$14,723,839. At August 31, 2009, the balance in the Debt Service Reserve Account is \$2,417,157 and the surety bonds are in place.

The bond resolutions specify the types of securities in which the Authority is allowed to invest. Permitted investments include: obligations of the U.S. government, or certain of its subsidiary corporations and agencies which are rated in the highest rating category by Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Ratings Group; the local government investment pool created by OCGA 36-83-8; bonds or obligations of the state of Georgia or its other counties, municipal corporations and political subdivisions; money market funds; and other investments as authorized by Georgia law. Each type of investment must meet certain criteria based on the nature of the investment.

Cash and investments associated with bond construction projects and sinking funds are restricted to such use and are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet.

10. Risk Management:

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; workers compensation; employee health care; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the Authority carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the current or the three prior years.

11. Commitments and Contingencies:

At August 31, 2009 and 2008, the Authority has outstanding agreements with contractors for future work on existing construction projects in the approximate amount of \$590 thousand and \$6 million respectively.

12. Restricted Net Assets:

Net assets restricted for debt service include the excess of assets over certain liabilities restricted for the debt service on revenue bonds. Net assets restricted for bond retirement represents assets set aside for that purpose as required by the revenue bond resolution (See Note 9).

13. Retirement Plans:

Governmental Plans

The Authority has a governmental deferred compensation "Section 457" plan authorized by the Authority Board which covers all employees over age seventeen and one year of employment with the Authority and is administered by an independent third party administrator. Amounts that employees may defer under the Section 457 plan are subject to statutory limits, may not exceed 3% of compensation and totaled \$186,143 and \$217,670 during 2009 and 2008 respectively.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Authority has established the Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority Retirement Plan and only the Authority may amend the benefit provisions of the plan. The plan is a non-contributory defined benefit plan through affiliation with Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS) Retirement Trust (RT). This plan provides retirement annuities and death benefits for CCWSA employees age 18 and older who have been employed by the Authority for one year. Employees are fully vested after five years of service.

GMEBS RT is an agent multiple-employer pension plan. Contributions made by the Authority are co-mingled with other members of the GMEBS RT. The GMEBS RT issues stand-alone financial statements that can be obtained by contacting the administrator, Georgia Municipal Association (GMA), 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

The Authority's required contribution including administration fees for years ended August 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 was \$1,095,370, \$972,591 and \$841,696, respectively, 100% of which was contributed with no net pension obligation at year end.

The contribution requirements of the Authority are established and may be amended by the GMEBS RT Board of Trustees and meet the

13. Retirement Plans (continued):

applicable standards under Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10).

The required contributions for the plan years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 are based on actuarial valuations of the plan on July 1, 2008 and 2007. The following actuarial methods and assumptions are used to prepare the plan valuation for both years: the actuarial cost method used is projected unit credit; an 8% investment rate of return is assumed; and a 5.5% salary increase is assumed.

Also for both years: the actuarial asset valuation method is to combine the prior year's actuarial value with current year contributions, disbursements and expected return on investments and adjust the result by 10% of the difference between the actuarial and market values (if necessary the actuarial value is further adjusted to be within 20% of market value); the amortization method used is level dollar; and the amortization periods are closed, as follows:

- 30 Yrs Initial Unfunded Actuarial Liability (began in 2001)
- 15 Yrs Actuarial Gains and Losses
- 20 Yrs Plan Provisions
- 30 Yrs Actuarial Assumptions and Cost Methods

As of the most recent actuarial valuation date on July 1, 2009, the plan was 45.9% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$11.2 million and the actuarial value of assets was \$5.1 million resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$6.0 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$7.1 million and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 85.0%. The schedule of funding progress, included as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 13, the Authority provides other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") for retired employees through an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Authority and can be amended by the Authority.

The Authority participates in the GMEBS OPEB Trust, an irrevocable trust established for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund

14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued):

postemployment benefits other than pensions. The GMEBS OPEB Trust also issues separate financial statements which can be obtained by requesting a copy from the plan administrator GMA as described in Note 13.

The Authority provides post-retirement health insurance benefits to all employees who retire after meeting age and tenure conditions and who do not have other coverage. Eligible retirees must be at least age 62, have completed from 15 to 20 continuous years of service depending upon age at retirement and have participated in the Authority's health insurance plan for six months prior to retirement. The retiree's spouse and dependent(s) may also receive coverage under certain circumstances. The Authority will pay from 50% to 80% of the cost of the employee's coverage and 25% to 40% of the spouse and dependent coverage depending upon the age of the employee at retirement. For retirees who qualify, the benefits are coordinated with Medicare (a "Medicare carve-out plan").

Current Authority retirees who qualify for health benefits receive an implicit rate subsidy by participating in the active employee health care risk pool.

Membership

At August 31, 2009, membership consists of:

Retirees and beneficiaries	5
Active employees	176
Total participants	181

Funding Policy

The Authority currently plans to contribute amounts to the GMEBS OPEB Trust sufficient to fully fund the Annual Required Contribution ("ARC"), an actuarially determined contribution amount in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

At August 31, 2008 prior to implementing GASB Statement No. 45, 5 retirees were eligible to receive benefits. Post-retirement health insurance benefit expenses in 2008 were recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis in the accounting period in which the liability was incurred; the Authority's expense net of participant contributions was \$15,646 for the year ended August 31, 2008.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation
In accordance with GASB Statement No. 45 (GASBS 45), an actuarial study was prepared calculating the postemployment healthcare cost as of September 1, 2008. The actuarial evaluation estimated the

14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued):

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) at \$2,591,000 and an ARC of \$481,000 for the year ended August 31, 2009. The Authority's ARC for the year was equal to the annual OPEB cost as GASBS 45 was implemented prospectively and the transition liability was set at zero at August 31, 2008. The postemployment healthcare cost was determined under the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method. The calculation was based on: an 8.0% investment rate of return including a 3.5% inflation assumption; an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 12.0% graded to arrive at an ultimate rate of 5.0%; and the amortization of the UAAL over a 20-year open period. This represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and the amortization of the UAAL over 20 years. The current ARC of \$481,000 is 6.5% of annual covered payroll. The following table presents the OPEB cost, the amount contributed and changes in the OPEB plan for the current year:

ARC	\$481,000
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)	_
Adjustment to the ARC	_
Annual OPEB Cost	481,000
Contributions made	481,000
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	
Net OPEB Obligation beginning of year	-
Net OPEB Obligation end of year	\$ -

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended August 31, 2009 are as follows:

FISCAL YEAR ENDED	ANNUAL OPEB COST	PERCENTAGE OF OPEB COST CONTRIBUTED	NET OPEB OBLIGATION	
August 31, 2009	\$481,000	100.0%	\$ -	

Funded Status

Based on the most recent actuarial valuation on September 1, 2008, the funded status of the plan as of August 31, 2009 is:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$2,591,000
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	\$ -
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$2,591,000
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL)	0.0%
Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members	\$7,381,000
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	35.1%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include

14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued):

assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARCs of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, included as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, will present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

15. Fair Values of Financial Instruments:

Estimated fair values of the Authority's financial instruments (all of which are held for non-trading purposes) at August 31, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

August 31, 2009	Amount	Fair Value
Cash	\$ 5,620,983	\$ 5,620,983
Repurchase agreements	\$ 1,295,442	\$ 1,295,442
Money market funds	\$ 34,271,212	\$ 34,271,212
Revenue bonds payable	\$187,574,711	\$193,224,940
August 31, 2008	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Cash	\$ 3,960,350	\$ 3,960,350
Repurchase agreements	\$ 1,295,442	\$ 1,295,442
US government obligations	\$ 630,962	\$ 624,655
Money market funds	\$ 34,024,983	\$ 34,024,983
Revenue bonds payable	\$192,262,682	\$195,076,431

16. Change in Useful Life of Water and Sewer Systems:

During the year ended August 30, 2009, management increased its estimate of the useful lives of structures, line extensions and improvements from 40 to 50 years to reflect technological changes. This change had the effect of decreasing depreciation expense and increasing income from operations and the change in net assets for 2009 by \$2,587,900.

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2009 AND 2008

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

						UAAL as	
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded		Annual	a % of	
Valuation	Value of	Accrued Liab.	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered	
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
07/01/09	\$5,119,742	\$11,165,572	\$6,045,830	45.9%	\$7,114,270	85.0%	
07/01/08	\$4,728,106	\$9,797,532	\$5,069,426	48.3%	\$6,681,445	75.9%	
07/01/07	\$3,769,040	\$8,512,103	\$4,743,063	44.3%	\$6,064,133	78.2%	

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

						UAAL as
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded		Annual	a % of
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	Accrued Liab. (AAL)	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
9/1/08	\$ -	\$ 2,591,000	\$2,591,000	0.0%	\$7,381,000	35.1%

The Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the year ended August 31, 2009. Information for prior years is not available.



CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF COSTS OF WATER PURCHASES AND PRODUCTION

		FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31,								
	- 1	2009		2008						
Purchased water	\$	43,385	\$	230,723						
Water production:										
Salaries and wages		890,873		864,107						
Payroll taxes		65,959		63,411						
Group insurance		126,306		111,798						
Retirement		104,247		96,884						
Other postemployment benefits		57,500								
Billing and accounting		12,757		18,033						
Continuing education		18,268		18,736						
Insurance - other than group		81,814		76,228						
Lab fees and supplies		41,145		40,750						
Stream Monitoring		121,738		118,163						
Miscellaneous		1,422		2,838						
Office supplies		1,620		1,328						
Operating supplies		300,986		257,960						
Power		982,520		961,760						
Professional fees		4,472		16,533						
Repair and maintenance		140,889		198,003						
Small tools and equipment		1,131		1,020						
Telephone		13,368		13,367						
Uniforms		6,319		6,203						
Vehicle		13,015		20,219						
		2,986,349		2,887,341						
Total before depreciation		3,029,734		3,118,064						
Depreciation		1,170,885		677,891						
Total	\$	4,200,619	\$	3,795,955						

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF COSTS OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31,							
	2009	1	2008					
Salaries and wages Payroll taxes Froup insurance Retirement Other postemployment benefits Silling and accounting Continuing education Insurance - other than group Lab fees and supplies Regulatory actions Legal fees Miscellaneous Office supplies Operating supplies Operating supplies Cower Repair and maintenance Small tools and equipment Telephone Uniforms	\$ 631,352	\$	584,952					
Wastewater treatment:								
Salaries and wages	2,185,220		2,107,397					
Payroll taxes	159,252		150,924					
Group insurance	384,894		311,584					
Retirement	337,270		279,243					
Other postemployment benefits	130,800							
Billing and accounting	12,991		18,223					
Continuing education	24,222		24,783					
Insurance - other than group	147,241		137,852					
Lab fees and supplies	51,341		63,681					
Regulatory actions	5,150		12,525					
Legal fees	24,548		19,420					
Miscellaneous	2,870		8,353					
Office supplies	14,124		7,551					
Operating supplies	946,077		1,106,695					
Power	1,525,580		1,070,488					
Repair and maintenance	988,764		1,087,539					
Small tools and equipment	5,002		4,567					
Telephone	35,453		31,325					
Uniforms	23,940		21,823					
Vehicle	61,062		90,511					
	7,065,801		6,554,483					
Total before depreciation	7,697,153		7,139,435					
Depreciation	979,364		1,217,470					

\$

8,676,517 \$

8,356,905

Total

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF DISTRIBUTION AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDED
	AUGU	JST 3	1,

	AUGUST 31,							
	2009	2008						
Salaries and wages	\$ 4,682,915	\$ 4,657,804						
Payroll taxes	339,407	338,507						
Group insurance	881,901	736,778						
Retirement	637,747	581,302						
Other postemployment benefits	292,700							
Bad debts	110,601	69,338						
Billing and accounting	389,564	363,516						
Consumer reports	7,125	6,500						
Continuing education	23,313	27,992						
Contract meter readers	584,002	571,515						
Directors' fees and expenses	57,263	57,431						
Equipment repairs and maintenance	651,824	457,776						
Insurance - other than group	381,883	357,167						
Lake Allatoona/Upper Etowah Study		333,255						
Legal and audit	188,806	139,622						
Line and meter repairs	425,405	815,309						
Miscellaneous	31,612	39,876						
Office supplies	23,064	21,492						
Operating supplies	50,664	69,617						
Postage	13,195	11,022						
Power	133,423	169,325						
Professional fees	94,472	215,792						
Real estate taxes	23,665	13,630						
Small tools and equipment	15,681	19,981						
Stream monitoring		54,385						
Telephone	50,075	49,583						
Toilet rebates	24,200	11,650						
Uniforms	23,563	25,699						
Vehicle	207,296	325,156						
	10,345,366	10,541,020						
Less capitalized salaries	345,942	314,846						
Total before depreciation	9,999,424	10,226,174						
Depreciation	6,604,314	7,797,933						
Total	\$ 16,603,738	\$ 18,024,107						

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET COMPARED WITH ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2009

FOR THE	YEAR ENDED AUGUST	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
	BODGET	ACTOAL	(ONFAVORABLE)
REVENUE			
Operating Revenue:			
Metered water sales	\$ 23,026,000	\$ 23,671,252	\$ 645,252
Wastewater treatment	13,726,000	13,559,105	(166,895)
Street light fees	1,299,000	1,244,934	(54,066)
Water connection fees	1,560,600	981,908	(578,692)
Sewer tap fees	3,145,500	1,710,209	(1,435,291)
Transfer fees	180,100	165,075	(15,025)
Forfeited discounts			
and penalties	729,000	629,888	(99,112)
Customer repairs and	1		
service charges	294,000	267,024	(26,976)
Sale of inventories	4-1-1.	_	(==,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Operating			
Revenue	43,960,200	42,229,395	(1,730,805)
			(27.507007)
Non-Operating Revenue: Interest:			
Sinking funds	78,100	127,020	48,920
Construction funds	2,500	695	(1,805)
Revenue funds	836,700	357,143	(479,557)
Gain on sale of assets	-	306	306
Miscellaneous	216,900	150,611	(66,289)
Total Non-Operating	1 124 000	635 885	/400 405)
Revenue	1,134,200	635,775	(498,425)
Capital Contributions		10,978,204	10,978,204
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 45,094,400	\$ 53,843,374	\$ 8,748,974
EXPENSES			
Operating Expenses:			
Water Purchases and Production:			
Purchased water	\$ 80,000	\$ 43,385	\$ 36,615
Water production:	\$ 00,000	Ų 45,565	\$ 30,013
Salaries and wages	894,300	890,873	2 427
_		65,959	3,427
Payroll taxes	68,400	· ·	2,441
Group insurance	134,800	126,306	8,494
Retirement	146,600	104,247	42,353
Other postemployment	F7 F00	F7 F00	
benefits	57,500	57,500	
Billing and accounting	14,200	12,757	1,443
Continuing education	22,400	18,268	4,132
Insurance - other			
than group	80,600	81,814	(1,214)
Lab fees and supplies	56,000	41,145	14,855
Stream Monitoring	122,800	121,738	1,062
Miscellaneous	3,700	1,422	2,278
Office supplies	1,400	1,620	(220)
Operating supplies	278,100	300,986	(22,886)
Power	1,138,000	982,520	155,480

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET COMPARED WITH ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2009

(CONTINUED)

	(CONTINUED)		111 0 711160
			VARIANCE FAVORABLE
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
Water production			ā.
(continued):			
Professional fees	\$ 15,000	\$ 4,472	\$ 10,528
Repairs and	7 25,555	7.	,
maintenance	208,100	140,889	67,211
Small tools and equipment	1,000	1,131	(131)
Telephone	15,400	13,368	2,032
Uniforms	6,600	6,319	281
Vehicle expense	23,300	13,015	10,285
Operating expenses			10,203
before depreciation	3,368,200	3,029,734	338,466
1 1 1			
Depreciation	1,169,700	1,170,885	(1,185)
Total Water Purchases		4 000 000	- Ca
and Production	4,537,900	4,200,619	337,281
Wastewater Treatment:			
Purchased wastewater		621 252	00.740
treatment	660,000	631,352	28,648
Wastewater treatment:		***	
Salaries and wages	2,462,900	2,185,220	277,680
Payroll taxes	188,400	159,252	29,148
Group insurance	310,600	384,894	(74,294)
Retirement	403,700	337,270	66,430
Other postemployment			
benefits	130,800	130,800	<u>-</u>
Billing and accounting	14,200	12,991	1,209
Continuing education Insurance - other	30,400	24,222	6,178
than group	145,000	147,241	(2,241)
Lab fees and supplies	75,000	51,341	23,659
Regulatory actions	20,000	5,150	14,850
Professional fees	13,000	24,548	(11,548)
		0.000	6,630
Miscellaneous Office supplies	9,500 5,400	2,870 14,124	
	1,122,900	946,077	(8,724) 176,823
Operating supplies			
Power	1,263,300	1,525,580	(262,280)
Repairs and	1 102 500	000 764	204 726
maintenance	1,193,500	988,764	204,736
Small tools and	5 000	5 000	
equipment	5,200	5,002	198
Telephone	35,500	35,453	47
Uniforms	24,100	23,940	160
Vehicle expense	103,900	61,062	42,838
Operating expenses before depreciation	8,217,300	7,697,153	520,147
Depreciation	981,900	979,364	2,536
Depreciation			2,330
Total Wastewater			
Treatment	9,199,200	8,676,517	522,683
	-,,		

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET COMPARED WITH ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2009

(CONTINUED)

	(<u>CONTINUED</u>)	TAD TANGE			
			VARIANCE		
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
Distribution and					
Administration:					
Salaries and wages	\$ 4,750,000	\$ 4,682,915	\$ 67,085		
Payroll taxes	363,400	339,407	23,993		
Group insurance	765,300	881,901	(116,601)		
Retirement	778,500	637,747	140,753		
Other postemployment					
benefits	292,700	292,700			
Bad debts	70,000	110,601	(40,601)		
Billing and accounting	406,300	389,564	16,736		
Consumer reports	7,500	7,125	375		
Continuing education	25,600	23,313	2,287		
Contract meter readers	638,500	584,002	54,498		
Directors' fees and	638,300	384,002	54,496		
	60 200	F7 262	2 227		
expenses	60,200	57,263	2,937		
Equipment repairs and					
maintenance	473,000	651,824	(178,824)		
Insurance - other than					
group	376,000	381,883	(5,883)		
Lake Allatoona/Upper					
Etowah Study	275,000		275,000		
Legal and audit	182,800	188,806	(6,006)		
Line and meter repairs	880,700	425,405	455,295		
Miscellaneous	22,200	31,612	(9,412)		
Office supplies	23,600	23,064	536		
Operating supplies	77,100	50,664	26,436		
Postage	11,900	13,195	(1,295)		
_					
Power	208,700	133,423	75,277		
Professional fees	250,800	94,472	156,328		
Real estate taxes	22,000	23,665	(1,665)		
Small tools and					
equipment	24,300	15,681	8,619		
Stream monitoring	31,000		31,000		
Telephone	56,800	50,075	6,725		
Toilet rebates	18,000	24,200	(6,200)		
Uniforms	28,000	23,563	4,437		
Vehicle expense	372,800	207,296	165,504		
Total before					
depreciation and					
capitalization of					
salaries	11,492,700	10,345,366	1,147,334		
Bararreb	11,452,700	10,343,300	1,147,334		
Depreciation	6 607 000	6 604 314	2 696		
Depreciación	6,607,000	6,604,314	2,686		
Matal hafana					
Total before					
capitalization of					
salaries	18,099,700	16,949,680	1,150,020		
Less capitalized salaries _	(306,000)	(345,942)	39,942		
Total Distribution and					
Administration _	17,793,700	16,603,738	1,189,962		

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET COMPARED WITH ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2009 (CONTINUED)

	BUDGET	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)			
Streetlights	\$ 840,000	\$ 876,136	\$ (36,136)		
Total Operating Expenses	32,370,800	30,357,010	2,013,790		
Non-Operating Expenses: Interest Paying agent, broker fees	9,988,800 32,500	10,013,440 17,356	(24,640) (17,356)		
Amortization of bond issue costs Loss on abandoned lines	115,500	107,668 102,808	(75,168) 12,692		
Total Non-Operating Expenses	10,136,800	10,241,272	(104,472)		
TOTAL EXPENSES	42,507,600	40,598,282	1,909,318		
NET INCOME	\$ 2,586,800	\$ 13,245,092	\$ 10,658,292		

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF METERED WATER SALES, WASTEWATER TREATMENT SALES AND NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS SERVED LAST FIVE YEARS

		2009	2008_	2007	2006	2005
	Metered water					
-	sales	\$23,671,252	\$21,545,310	\$24,203,994	\$23,048,171	\$18,817,891
	Number of customers					
	served as of 8/31	63,928	63,477	62,412	60,406	57,413
	Wastewater treatment					
	sales	13,559,105	\$12,474,370	\$13,018,909	\$12,035,505	\$ 9,403,720
	Number of customers					
	served as of 8/31	26,655	26,413	25,721	24,015	21,708

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY

SCHEDULES OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

LAST FIVE YEARS

(In Thousands)

	ıt	es		88	99		41	00
2005	Without	Tap Fees		\$16,189	\$11,466		1.41	1.00
20	With	Tap Fees		\$27,456	\$11,466		2.39	1.20
2006	Without	Tap Fees		\$20,515	\$12,345		1.66	1.00
20	With	Tap Fees		\$33,264	\$12,345		2.69	1.20
2007	Without	Tap Fees		\$21,920	\$13,312		1.65	1.00
20	With	Tap Fees		\$31,305	\$13,312		2.35	1.20
2008		Tap Fees		\$16,517	\$14,724		1.12	1.00
20	With	Tap Fees		\$21,939	\$14,724		1.49	1.20
2009	With Without	Tap rees Tap rees Tap rees		\$18,570	\$14,724		1.26	1.00
20	With	Гар геев		\$21,262	\$14,724		1.44	1.20
			Net revenue available for	debt service (see Note)	Highest annual debt service requirements	Revenue Bond Coverage:	Actual	Required

Net revenue available for debt service including water connection and sewer tap fees and the value of contributed capital. Required revenue coverage is also measured depreciation and other income except interest earned on construction funds (abbreviated above as "Tap Fees") equals income from operations plus excluding water connection and sewer tap fees. Note:

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS AUGUST 31, 2009

	FACE VALUE	MATURITY DATE	INTEREST RATE	AMORTIZED COST	MARKET VALUE
REVENUE FUND					
Local Government Investment pool:					
Georgia Fund	\$31,897,704	N/A	Various	\$ 31,897,704	\$ 31,897,704
	(1)				
REVENUE BOND SINKI Repurchase	NG FUND AND I	DEBT SERVIC	CE RESERVI	3	
Agreement	\$ 1,295,442	08/01/25	5.360%	\$ 1,295,442	\$ 1,295,442
J.S. Gov't Securities Money Market					
Funds	2,373,508	N/A	Various_	2,373,508	2,373,508
	\$ 3,668,950			\$ 3,668,950	\$ 3,668,950

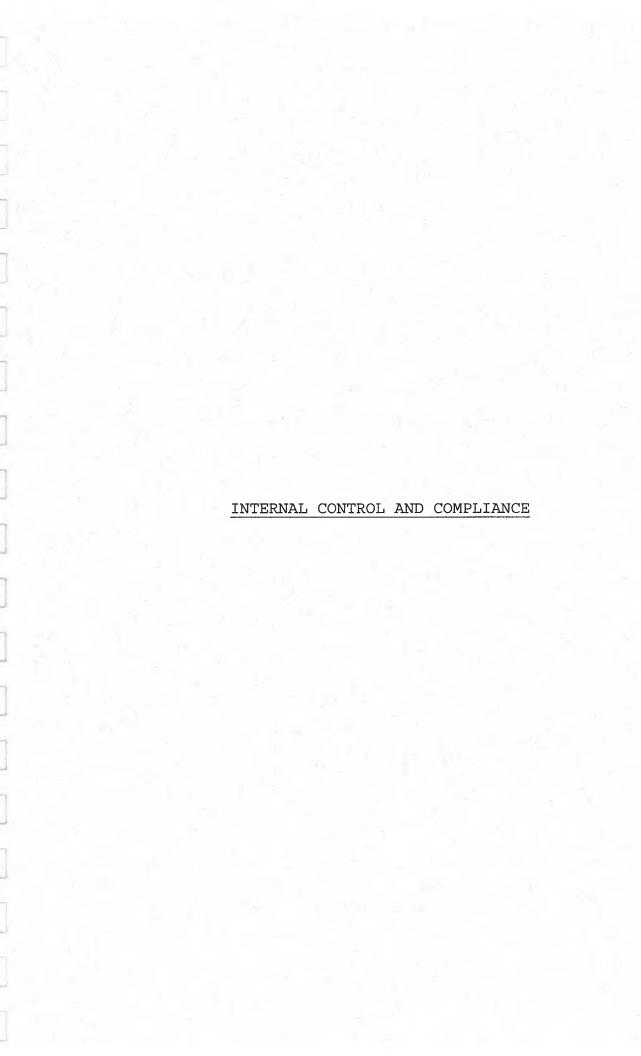
CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF WATER, SEWER AND IRRIGATION RATES AUGUST 31, 2009 AND 2008

	IRRIGATION NET	ı vo			1		ı	ı		ı		ı		-1	-					-		T F	ı V	00
2008	SEWER	. 6		9.	8.2	4.8	1.4	8.0	4.6	1.2	7.8	4.4	1.0	7.6	4.2	0.8	7.4	4.0	9.0	17.2	123.80	30.4	\$6.60/	1,0
	WATER				4.2	9.2	4.2	9.2	4.2		4.2	9.2	5.2	1.2	7.2	3.2	9.2	5.2	1.2	7.2	03.2	9.2	\$6.00/	1,0
	IRRIGATION	0	12.	2	8.2	3.2	8.2	3.2	8.2	3.2	8.2	3.2	9.2	5.2	1.2	7.2	3.2	9.2	5.2	01.2	7.2	13.2	\$6.00/	000 1,000
2009	SEWER	\$ 11.60	11.	11.60	8.2	4.8	1.4	8.0	4.6	1.2	7.8	4.4	1.0	7.6	4.2	0.8	7.4	04.0	9.0	17.2	23.8	30.4	\$6.60/	0 1,
	WATER	0	9.10	0.2	7	0.2	5.2	0.2	5.2	0.2	5.2	0.2	6.2	2.2	8.2	4.2	0.2	6.2	2.2	8.2	4.2	10.2	\$6.00/	1,
	CONSUMPTION (GALLONS)	0	00,		00,	00,	00,	00,	00,	00,	00,	00'0	1,00	2,00	00,	4,00	5,00	6,00	7,00	8,00	00'6	00'0	Over 20,000	

There is a 10% penalty added when paid after due date. Irrigation rates were not in effect until the year ended August 31, 2009.

CHEROKEE COUNTY WATER AND SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATISTICAL TABLE - INSURANCE IN FORCE AUGUST 31, 2009 (UNAUDITED)

TYPE OF COVERAGE	LIMITS OF LIABILITY
Public Officials and Employment Practices Legal Liability	\$1,000,000 for each loss and \$1,000,000 aggregate for each policy year
Commercial Automobile	\$1,000,000 each for liability and uninsured motorist covering owned and non-owned vehicles
Commercial Crime	\$400,000 employee dishonesty \$200,000 forgery, theft disappearance, destruction, computer fraud
Commercial Property: Fire and Extended Coverage including boiler and machinery	Blanket coverage all equipment \$233,883,634
Inland Marine	\$1,938,192 computers, software and contractors equipment - owned and rented
	\$194,372 electronic data processing
Workers Compensation	\$500,000 for bodily injury each accident, and \$500,000 disease aggregate and per employee
Commercial Umbrella	\$10,000,000 for each occurrence
Commercial General Liability	\$3,000,000 general aggregate
	\$3,000,000 products and completed operations aggregate
	\$1,000,000 personal injury
	\$1,000,000 each occurrence
	Includes dam collapse, failure to supply, and employee benefits liabilities with separate limits





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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority Canton, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of Cherokee County Water and Sewerage Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Authority's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Authority's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control.



Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Authority Board, management and state agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Donna Weiser Conociate, PC

DONNER WEISER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

November 23, 2009